COMET activities at the upper Silesian Coal Basin site 2

Research activities have focussed on:

- assessments of the contamination of terrestrial environment affected by discharge of mine water
- characterisation of the current state of Rontok Wielki contaminated due to discharge of radium rich water from coal mines considering:
 - comparison of ²²⁶Ra and ²¹⁰Pb distribution in bottom sediments (1999-2016) in 2016, where possible, the sediment samples were collected along the same grid as in 1999; a core sampler was used to assess the vertical distribution of radionuclides
 - \circ assessing the Kd for ²²⁶Ra
- calculating transfer factors for ²²⁶Ra and ²¹⁰Pb for selected biota
- identification of the main processes determining radionuclide behaviour in a contaminated fresh water lake ecosystem with respect to a conceptual model for risk assessment



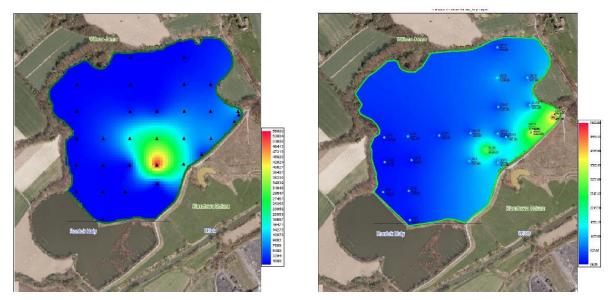
Sediment sampling



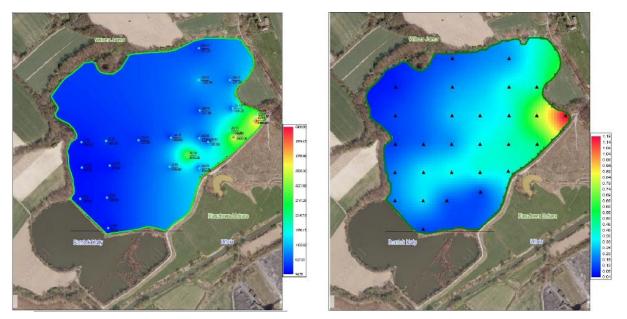
Sediment core (1)



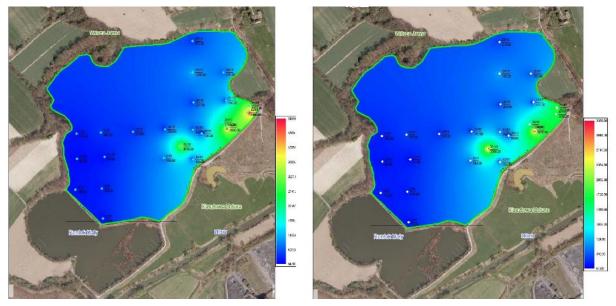
Sediment core (2)



Comparison of radium spatial distribution in bottom sediments, left -1999, right 2015/16



Radium spatial distribution in bottom sediments, 2015/16 (left), thickness of sediments layer in 1999, (right)



Radium (left) and ²¹⁰Pb (right) distribution in bottom sediments, 2015/16.